

WEATHER FORECAST.
Fair and moderate temperature
to-day and to-morrow.

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exclusive features.

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ONE CENT.

GOUGHAM IS AGOG OVER DUKE'S VISIT

Functions Likely to Cause
Heart-burnings Among
New York Social Set.

ARRIVES THIS MORNING

"No Person May Meet Royalty
Without Royalty's Consent," Is
Edict Sent Out by Mrs. Reid.

New York, Jan. 21.—His royal highness, the duke of Connaught, and his daughter will be met at the Grand Central Station to-morrow morning by Mr. and Mrs. Reid and conveyed to the hotel residence.

Who will meet them later was held in doubt to-day, under the custom that "no person may meet royalty" without the duke's consent. His royal highness is expected to arrive at the hotel at 11 o'clock, in accordance with a promise made in London, yet he assumes nothing less than his chief title, when Prince Edward came, fifty-two years ago, he came at the instance of President Buchanan, yet under his lesser title of Baron Renfrew.

Arthur, Duke of Connaught, might have used the designation Earl of Sussex, or Duke of Devon, or field marshal of the British army, or colonel of any one of fifty different regiments, or as governor general of Canada. Cards of invitation are made out, however, "to meet his highness" the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, and under his sanction he is addressed only to friends of the fields and the Ogden Mills. Mrs. Reid has been some seven years absent from New York. She does not feel that she has kept up to date on local friendships. So the list of Mrs. Ogden Mills, her sister-in-law, pretender to the social supremacy occupied by the late Mrs. Astor, is being used for invitations, mostly of course, by the conditions and the wishes of the Ambassador. But the list of Mrs. Mills is the basis of selection. It is likely that to-morrow night's dinner about fifty will be made to satisfy the Ambassador. Army, navy, State, industry, finance, diplomacy, and the professions may be represented.

To-night's Gete Frederic Grant.

Cardinal Farley, Gen. Frederick Grant, Theodore Roosevelt, Levi P. Morton, and Joseph H. Choate are expected to be among them. Bishop Greer is on the list for Tuesday evening. When the number invited becomes a little larger, there will be more of society.

For Mrs. Mills' Wednesday "dinner and music" guests will be still more numerous. It will be the dinner, and Mrs. John R. Drexel will be asked. She and Mrs. Mills, it was said to-day, "are really very cordial," and she knows the Connaughts.

The Duke of Connaught was ten years old when Alfred, Prince of Wales, came here in 1860. According to the "remembrance" of the late Charles H. Harwell, who attended the matter of being invited to the prince's ball "was the occasion of great display and some jealousies and heart burnings."

It was pointed out to-day that some deductions could be made as to whom Mrs. Mills would summon to her dinner by scanning the list of persons she asked to meet the Kaiser's brother, "Prince Henry of Prussia, and her recent date for personal entertainments.

Crowd Cheers Departure.

Ottawa, Ontario, Jan. 21.—Amid the enthusiastic cheering of several hundred Canadians who crowded the Canadian Pacific station, the Duke of Connaught and party left this afternoon for New York, where they will be the guests for four days of Ambassador Whitelaw Reid and Mrs. Reid. The party traveled in a private car attached to the regular train leaving here at 3 o'clock, and is due to arrive at the Grand Central Station in New York at 7:30 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Accompanying Canada's governor general are the duchess and her daughter, the Princess Patricia, the duke's private secretary, a military aid, and several newspaper correspondents. The visit of Canada's highest official to the American Ambassador to the court of St. James is commented on highly and favorably by all newspapers and representative people in all walks of life. It is taken to mean a further cementing of the good will between the two countries and to possibly form a favorable action upon pending legislation of great interest to both the United States and Canada.

The duke is looking forward to his visit to New York with the greatest pleasure, and expects to utilize every moment of his brief stay in the metropolis.

Going to Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—His royal highness the Duke of Connaught, the duchess, and the Princess Patricia will visit Chicago in August. This fact was confirmed to-day by officials of the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railroads, who came to Chicago to arrange for railway accommodations for the royal party. With their royal highnesses will be the duke's camp of the duke and the ladies in waiting of the duchess and Princess Patricia. It will be the first time a member of the English royal family has visited Chicago since the memorable visit of the late King Edward in 1860.

FOUGHT ALL NIGHT
WITH A MANIAC

New York, Jan. 21.—A desperate battle for the lives of her two children was terminated at an early hour to-day by the quick wit of Mrs. Robert E. Volt, the first-framed mother, who, when on the point of succumbing through fatigue, put forth all her strength and with an energy born of desperation, pushed an insane domestic, with whom she had been battling for over ten hours, through the door of her parlor, turned the key in the lock, and staggered to the telephone to summon aid. The servant, Mrs. Jennie Byrne, was taken to the Kings County Hospital, where she died a few hours afterward.

The Volt live in Brooklyn, where the husband is the proprietor of a hotel. Shortly after Mr. Volt left for his place of business last night the insane woman became violently insane, seizing a carving knife, and threatening the lives of Mrs. Volt's two sons, Robert, thirteen, and William, eleven. Mrs. Volt grasped with the frenzied servant, and the two women fought all over the place at intervals all through the night, until Mrs. Volt succeeded in locking her antagonist in the parlor.

DUEL CALLED OFF BY TWO ITALIANS

Vienna, Jan. 21.—The impending duel with swords between the Duke Vincent di Medrano, proprietor of the Scala Theater, Milan, and Pietro Mascagni, the composer, who agreed to settle their differences over the first production of Mascagni's new opera, "Iris," was called off to-day, both parties agreeing to submit their grievances to the civil courts. The duke is an accomplished swordsman, while the composer is totally ignorant of the art of fencing.

FIRE IN SKYSCRAPER
IS SEEN MANY MILES

New York, Jan. 21.—One of the most spectacular fires ever seen in lower Manhattan broke out on the thirty-first and thirty-second floors of the City Investment Building, 10 Broadway, a few doors from the recently destroyed Equitable Building, to-day. Smoke from the fire, which was extinguished after an hour's work, could be seen for a radius of ten miles.

The fire started in the elevator shaft and is believed to have been caused by defective insulation. The damage was slight.

LID ON GAMBLING
IN SOCIAL COLONY

Newport, R. I., Jan. 21.—Consternation reigned among the younger set of Newport's social colonists to-night, when it became known that Gov. Fother, through a quiet purgation of his anti-gambling policy, had closed every gambling resort, both among the colonists and in Newport proper.

The lid is on, and, sheriff's deputies are guarding every place suspected of catering to the gambling fraternity. The anti-gambling crusade first began to be felt among the gambling houses in the city, which were closed by the local police ten days ago.

LURED TO DEATH
BY WOMAN FRIEND

New York, Jan. 21.—The police to-day instituted a wide search for a woman who, they say, lured a well-dressed unidentified American to a wood on the estate of Edward Brown, near Millburn, N. J., Friday afternoon or night and aided two unknown men in shooting him to death.

The theory first adopted was that the man was shot to death in a duel, but it was learned to-day that he was seen walking toward the spot where his body was found Friday afternoon with a woman and two men. The only clue to the identity of this woman is a photograph of two women found in the man's pocket.

The police believe the murder was induced by a desire to rob, with revenge as a charge of obtaining \$100,000 from the victim. The victim's face was slashed with knives and lacerated with a blunt weapon. A revolver loaded with three bullets of the same caliber as the two found in the man's body was found to-day in a nearby clump of bushes.

MAN WHO BROKE
THE BANK CAUGHT

London, Jan. 21.—Charles Wells, known all over Europe as "Monte Carlo" Wells, from the fact that he once broke the bank at Monte Carlo, has been arrested, together with a woman companion, aboard the yacht Excelsior, at Falmouth, on a charge of obtaining £100,000 from the bank by fraud. The couple are being brought to London for extradition to Paris.

At the time of his arrest, Wells was traveling under the assumed name of Reber, one of many aliases he has frequently adopted. He first came under the bon of the law in London on January 1, 1908, when he was arrested following a series of sensational winnings at Monte Carlo. At that time he had won international notoriety as a gambler, and was known as "the man who broke the bank." He was released, but he has since been declared his winnings to be due solely to "mere luck, old fellow—it's badly luck."

He also asserted that he was backed by an American millionaire.

HID THE GEMS IN
WRONG STOCKING

New York, Jan. 21.—Central office hummed with the news of a great jewel robbery in the exclusive West Eighties to-day. Mrs. Rebecca Nathanson, reported trembling with excitement, reported the mysterious disappearance of \$7,000 worth of gems, a wedding present from her husband, who mentioned a fabulous reward for their return.

The two detectives assigned to the case broke all speed records to the Nathanson residence, where Mrs. Nathanson, barefooted, at sight, she said, and placed them in her right stocking for safe keeping during the day. She was very sure of the right stocking. The detectives rubbed upstairs and searched the room without avail. The jewels were nowhere to be found. The maid told a straightforward story and the police were in a quandary.

Suddenly one of the sleuths had an idea. While the detectives hid their faces in their hats, Mrs. Nathanson solved the mystery by extracting the missing gems from the left stocking.

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

Did you read The Washington Herald's new tabloid Fiction Section yesterday? Probably you did. The sales of the Sunday paper showed that this novel, entertaining, and altogether delightful addition met instantly with popular approval.

If you didn't, it is only fair to tell you that you missed one of the greatest Sherlock Holmes stories ever written by that premier of mystery, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. It was the story of Sherlock Holmes' return, the capture by him of "the second most dangerous man in London" in connection with a strange murder, and— Well, there was a ghost story, too, that was awesome, and an installment of "The Gamblers." Rattling good fiction it was.

GOMPERS REPLIES TO MR. HEYBURN

Challenges Senator to Produce Evidence of Complicity in Dynamiting.

"IN A COURT OF LAW"

Labor Leader Says He Was Naturalized Eight Years After Coming to the United States.

In the February issue of the American Federationist, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, defies Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, to prove in a court of law that he (Gompers) was connected in any manner with the McNamara dynamite outrages. He calls upon Senator Heyburn to come out from under "the constitutional protection which surrounds your privilege to wag your unbridled tongue in indirection and insinuation."

Mr. Gompers' ire was aroused by the remarks made by Senator Heyburn on the floor of the Senate on January 15, when Mr. Gompers sent a petition to the Senate asking that the "hand roller process" now used in the manufacture of currency be not discontinued, as had been suggested. In an attempt to prevent the acceptance of this petition, Mr. Heyburn said:

"No communication should be received by Congress from Samuel Gompers because of facts disclosed in the McNamara trial."

Doubts Gompers' Citizenship.

Also the Senator said: "The right to petition is confined to citizens. I would like to see evidence that the petitioner in this case is a citizen." The Senate voted to receive Mr. Gompers' petition.

In his statement, Mr. Gompers says: "And now a word with you, Senator Heyburn. I ask you to read the editorial in this issue of the American Federationist under the caption 'The man higher up.'"

"You will observe there not only my denial of any knowledge of, or connection with, any dynamiting or other unlawful conduct, but you will also observe that I therein challenge Burns and his sponsors and backers to prove in a court of law any charge which either or all of them make against me. You will observe in any way shows that I have been guilty of any crime or offense against the laws of the United States or any of the States. I now and here include you, and I defy you and challenge you to produce in a court of law any such evidence. You will observe that I specifically state, in a court of law, rather than under the constitutional protection which surrounds your privilege to wag your unbridled tongue in indirection and insinuation."

Boyhood in Factory.

"Now, as to my citizenship. It was not my good fortune to have been born in the United States. My father and mother came to the United States in 1862. I was then thirteen years of age, and a factory boy. Eight years after my arrival, on October 4, 1870, upon attaining my majority, I took upon myself the privilege of citizenship. It may be interesting for you to know that my first vote was cast that year for Gen. Grant as President of the United States."

Mr. Gompers adds that he was offered an appointment on the National Industrial Commission by President McKinley, but that he has an offer in 1908 from Gov. Hill, of New York, to serve on a commission of mediation, conciliation and arbitration.

He says that he is now serving on the New York State factory investigation commission. He declares that he was once nominated for State senator in New York, and offered a nomination for Congress.

SEARCHES CAPITAL
FOR LOST BROTHER

Believing that his brother, Charles J. Evans, the Cornell University student and athlete for whom the police of the entire country have been searching since his mysterious disappearance last Sunday, is in this city, J. G. Evans, of Frederick, Md., came here yesterday to confer with the local police.

ALASKAN BANDIT SEEKS HIS RELEASE

William B. McCarthy Appeals to Department of Justice for Liberty.

NOW AT ST. ELIZABETH'S

Superintendent of Prisons Goes to Leavenworth to Probe Claims of Convicted Adventurer.

William B. McCarthy, Alaskan prospector, hold-up man, jail breaker, and adventurer of the most advanced Jack London type, is appealing to the Department of Justice for his release from the Government Hospital for the Insane, where he was sent from the Federal prison at Fort Leavenworth. McCarthy declares that he has been "double-crossed" by the Federal officials, and that his sentence (minus good behavior time) should have expired in 1910. He is compelled to serve full sentence, partly in an insane asylum without explanation why his good behavior time was taken away from him.

Robert V. La Dow, superintendent of Federal prisons, sent McCarthy to Fort Leavenworth last night, and it was stated that while there he would take up McCarthy's case and learn why he had not been released in 1910.

Should Be Released.

Judge James Wickham, delegate to Congress from Alaska, who tried and sentenced McCarthy to ten years in prison, following a \$2,000 robbery by McCarthy and W. A. Higelow in the Tukon Valley region, last night said that unless McCarthy's conduct since he began to serve his term has been unusually bad he should be given his release at once.

As for McCarthy, he frankly admits that he, with eight other men, burrowed their way under the walls of the Federal prison at McNeil Island, San Francisco, that he was rounded up in Washington State by an unnamable sheriff and was ultimately returned to the island with a bullet in his leg—the result of his stubborn refusal to wear handcuffs.

The other eight men who broke prison with him, he said yesterday, "didn't leave more than three months of their term because they helped to get away. When they sent me to Fort Leavenworth in 1906 with twenty-three other men they told me that if I behaved myself I'd have my good time restored. I did my part. They never put me in solitary confinement while I was in Leavenworth. When I asked for a release in 1910 they shipped me off to St. Elizabeth."

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REBELS DEMAND
MANCHUS ABDICATE

Tientsin, Jan. 21.—The revolutionary leaders at Nankin have dispatched a note to the throne at Peking, demanding the immediate abdication of the imperial family. This action is the result of the imperative request of the powers that Yuan Shih Kai establish a provisional government in North China, pending the result of their thrilling experience with the storm.

It is believed here that the Manchus will abdicate early this week and take advantage of the best terms offered by the revolutionaries. Yuan Shih Kai will probably remove at once to Peking and establish a provisional government, in compliance with the wishes of the powers.

CARNEGIE "GIFT"
DECLARED FALSE

Richard C. Adams, great sachem and counselor of the recently organized Brotherhood of North American Indians, last night declared untrue the report that Andrew Carnegie had given \$50,000 for the erection of a partial building to be occupied as the home of the Indian society in this city.

The best proof that we have accepted the gift from Mr. Carnegie, said Adams, is that the brotherhood has been organized so recently that it has not had time in which to procure a charter, and without a charter it is not possible to accept such a gift, even if it were offered.

"I wish to deny emphatically that Mr. Carnegie has even offered the brotherhood any sum of money for the erection of a home for the order. I suppose the story that the brotherhood had been the recipient of a gift from Mr. Carnegie grew out of the interest that he has manifested in the organization since its formation."

MONUMENT TO WOMEN OF THE CONFEDERACY.



This is the first monument to Southern women ever erected independently by a State, and shows the Southern women, dignified and beautiful, waiting to be crowned with laurel by the majestic figure in the rear. On either side are figures representing the South burdened with triumphant laurel to lay at her feet.

The unveiling, on April 2 at Columbia, will be a great event in South Carolina, attracting a full attendance of the United Confederate Veterans and the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

BATTERED TORPEDO BOATS IN HARBOR

Destroyers Return to New York and Officers Tell of Their Thrilling Experiences.

New York, Jan. 21.—Three battered and sea-worn torpedo boat destroyers which sailed from the Brooklyn Navy Yard on January 3 with the fleet that set out to join the North Atlantic fleet for maneuvers in Southern waters, returned to-day for repairs to damages inflicted by the storm of January 6 to January 7, which drove them far off their course and threatened them with destruction.

The destroyers were the McCall, the Roe, and the Paulding. They came in about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, under their own steam, from Norfolk, where they were engaged by battle ships and cruisers sent out to search for them when they were lost in the storm. They did up at the Long dock, and from a superficial examination it will take several weeks to fit them for sea again.

Officers and men of the three boats all had stories of their thrilling experience with the storm. The Roe, commanded by Lieut. Commander C. H. Woodward, was practically helpless in the worst weather, when her steam steering gear broke down. Her commander was on her bridge for twenty-eight hours continuously, and the boat rolled to ninety degrees, and was frequently buried by the great rollers, which measured seventy-five feet from trough to crest. Water poured down the funnels and drowned her crew, but men and officers stuck bravely to their work and repaired damage as best they could and saved the destroyer. The others had better luck.

Again the Winsted Liear.

Winsted, Conn., Jan. 21.—Friends of Herbert L. Spear, of Suffield, claim he is entitled to a Carnegie medal because he to-day saved Alfred Fish from drowning, not only in a heroic, but novel way. Some men were engaged in harvesting ice in West Suffield when Fish slipped and fell into the water. He weighed 250 pounds and is unable to swim. He sank twice, and when he came up the third time Spear managed to spear the seat of Fish's trousers with an ice hook and, with the aid of others, pulled him out of the water more dead than alive.

TURKISH PORTS DESTROYED.

Italian Cruisers Shell Defense and Kill 200 Men.

Rome, Jan. 21.—Dispatches received to-day tell of destruction of the defenses of the port of Zuma on Friday by the cruisers Fulmine, Carice, Canope, Cigno, and Alberto, of the Italian navy. The fire of all the cruisers was directed on each of the forts in succession, all being reduced to ruins. Three hundred of the enemy were killed.

TAFT MEN FEAR ROOSEVELT BOOM

President Warned of Organized Effort Behind Third Term Talk.

HITCHCOCK'S HAND SEEN

G. W. Perkins and Richard Quay Also Said to Have "Planted Bombs" Throughout Country.

Evidence of the organized effort behind the Roosevelt boom is daily being impressed upon President Taft and his advisers. The President returned to Washington from New York yesterday to find that the regular Republican organization of the First Congressional district of Illinois, represented by Martin D. Madden, had, by practically a unanimous vote, endorsed Roosevelt for President. This was the first Congressional district to declare for Roosevelt.

Illinois Boom Significant.

Political observers in Washington related that the First Illinois district is the one in which Chauncey Dewey, now of Postmaster General Frank H. Hitchcock's friends, is leader. Special significance was attached to the capturing of this district by the Roosevelt boomers, for it was pointed out that this district was the one which remained loyal to Mr. Taft in the 1908 pre-convention campaign. Through the efforts of Chauncey Dewey, this district refused to support Cannon for President and brought about a split in the Illinois delegation to the last national convention.

Further evidence of the way the political wind is blowing is evidenced by the news that Richard H. Quay, the son of "Matt Quay," has declared for Roosevelt. Perkins a Factor.

The Taft supporters expect from now on to be confronted with many developments in favor of the Roosevelt candidacy. They are convinced that the movement headed by George W. Perkins is thoroughly organized and that political "bombs" will be planted in different parts of the country, to be exploded at the proper moment for the advancement of the Roosevelt cause.

It was learned last night that Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel is greatly embarrassed over the action of the St. Louis Republican city committee in endorsing Roosevelt for President. Mr. Nagel, who hails from St. Louis and was associated with Frank H. Hitchcock in the management of the Taft Presidential campaign, had anticipated a serious setback.

His friends say that he attributes the action of the St. Louis committee to the work of Ormay McHugh, George W. Perkins' right-hand man in the promotion of the Roosevelt boom. McHugh is said to have been in St. Louis a few days before the city committee acted, and to have been the chief cause of the ground from beneath Secretary Nagel's feet.

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

1,000-POUND SAFE IS STOLEN FROM STORE

Who walked away with that 1,000-pound safe from 1309 Fourteenth street north-west yesterday morning?

Somebody, embodied with the strength of a Samson and the cunning of a Rat-fet, is being sought by the police on a charge of larceny—grand larceny.

Alexander Satterwhite, colored, proprietor of the poolroom from which the safe was stolen, is beginning to think that there is nothing heavy under the sur for certain robbers. This is the second time in a few days that the police located the safe in Rock Creek. It had been thrown from the P street bridge.

Investigation by the police yesterday disclosed that the thief moved the safe to the rear yard, placed it in a pushcart, and walked away with it. In the safe, according to its owner, was about \$75 worth of jewelry.

MOTHER TO WED;
GIRL KILLS SELF

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 21.—Because her mother refused to give up her wedding plans, Caroline Lowe, a pretty twenty-five-year-old stenographer, swallowed a bottle of laudanum, dying late this afternoon. Her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Shrader, was engaged to John Barwin. She had been married twice before. The girl, with her mother and the bridegroom-to-be, held a conference early in the day.

The police entered the home, attracted by the girl's voice, and took a pistol from her as she placed it to her temple. Before they saw what she was doing, the girl reached for a bottle of laudanum and drank it.

ROYALTY ON WAY HOME.

King and Queen Leave Port Said for England on the Medina.

Port Said, Jan. 21.—King George and Queen Mary left to-day for England on board the royal yacht liner Medina, which was escorted by the cruisers Argyle, Natal, Cochrane, and the Defense. Their majesties gave an elaborate farewell banquet here last night, which was attended by all the local officials and dignitaries.

Pump Frozen, Barn and House Burn.

Vineland, N. J., Jan. 21.—The buildings on the old Malaga Glass Factory farm were burned last night. Max Nurnberg, the owner, was awakened by the smell of roasting wafers. After examining the pump, he saw the fire and ran to the barn and the house and the family had to stand helplessly by and see their home burn. All the family poultry were saved. The loss exceeds \$20,000.